

Questão 2. (3 pontos) Seja $f(x) = \frac{2x+2}{x^2-4} \operatorname{sen}\left((x+2)\sqrt{x^2+1}\right)$.

a) Calcule $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x)$.

b) Calcule $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$.

c) Determine $f'(x)$ em todos os pontos de seu domínio.

$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x) = \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{2(x+1)\sqrt{x^2+1}}{x-2} \right) \cdot \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{\operatorname{sen}((x+2)\sqrt{x^2+1})}{(x+2)\sqrt{x^2+1}} \right) =$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} \cdot 1 = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}, \text{ pois } \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} (x+2)\sqrt{x^2+1} = 0$$

$\text{e } (x+2)\sqrt{x^2+1} \neq 0 \text{ em } x \neq -2$

$$(b) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\frac{2}{x} + \frac{2}{x^2}}{1 - \frac{4}{x^2}} \cdot \operatorname{sen}((x+2)\sqrt{x^2+1}) = 0$$

$\underbrace{}_{\rightarrow 0}$ $\underbrace{}_{\text{limite da}}$

(c) $\forall x \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-2, 2\}$,

$$\begin{aligned}
 f'(x) &= \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{2x+2}{x^2-4} \right) \cdot \operatorname{sen}((x+2)\sqrt{x^2+1}) + \left(\frac{2x+2}{x^2-4} \right) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{sen}((x+2)\sqrt{x^2+1}) = \\
 &= \frac{2(x^2-4) - (2x+2) \cdot 2x}{(x^2-4)^2} \cdot \operatorname{sen}((x+2)\sqrt{x^2+1}) + \\
 &\quad + \left(\frac{2x+2}{x^2-4} \right) \cdot \operatorname{cos}((x+2)\sqrt{x^2+1}) \cdot \left(\sqrt{x^2+1} + \frac{2x(x+2)}{2\sqrt{x^2+1}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$