

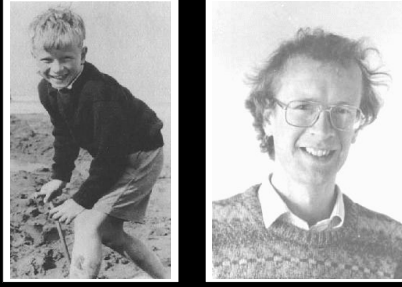
O ÚLTIMO
TEOREMA DE
FERMAT

A História do desafio que desafiou os
melhores matemáticos do mundo durante 350 anos

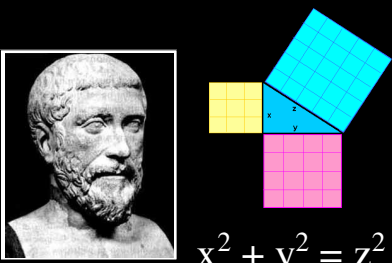
SIMON SINGH

$x^n + y^n = z^n$

não admite solução nos
naturais para $n > 2$

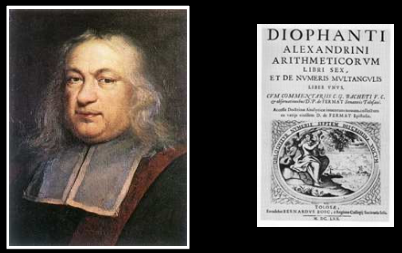


Andrew Wiles (nascido em 1953 - Cambridge)

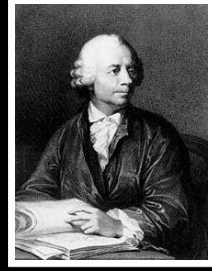


Pitágoras de Samos


$x^2 + y^2 = z^2$




Pierre de Fermat (1601 – 1665)



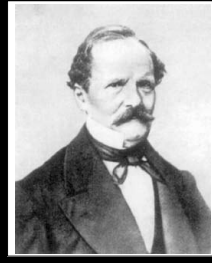
Leonhard Euler (1707 – 1783)




Sophie Germain (1776 - 1831)



Augustin Cauchy (1789 – 1857) Gabriel Lamé (1795 – 1870)

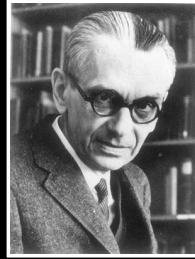


Ernst Kummer (1810 – 1893)



Paul Wolfskehl (1856 – 1906)

Prezado
 Grato pelo seu manuscrito com a demonstração
 para o Último Teorema de Fermat.
 O primeiro erro é:
 Página linha
 Isso torna a demonstração inválida.
 Professor E. M. Landau



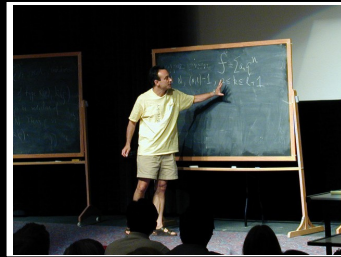
Kurt Gödel (1906 – 1978)



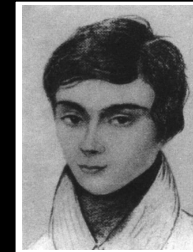
Goro Shimura (Nascido em 1930)



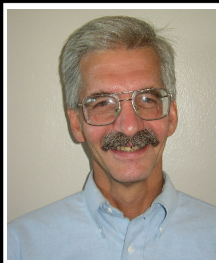
Yutaka Taniyama (1927 – 1958)



Kenneth Alan Ribet



Évariste Galois (1811 – 1832)



Nick Katz

